## (1041)

Numb. 52.

## PHILOSOPHICAL' TRANSACTIONS.

October 17. 1669.

## The Contents.

A particular Accompt of divers Minerals, fent from the lately burning Mount Ætna. some Observations touching some of the Organs of Generation. Extracts of two Letters, giving an Accompt of a very sudden and excessive Swelling of a Womans Breasts. Some Reflections made on the enlarged Accompt of Dr Witties Answer to Hydrologia Chymica; chiefly concerning the Cause of the sudden Loss of the vertues of some Mineral Waters. An Accompt of two Books: I. GU AGING EPITOMISE D by MICHAEL DART. II. HISTOIRE NA-TURELLE DES ANIMAUX, PLANTES ET MINERAUX, qui entrent dans la Composition de la THERIA QUE d'ANDROMACHUS, par M. CHARAS.

## A particular Accompt

Of divers Minerals, cast up and burned by the late Fire of Monn Ætna; mentioning the several Specimina, expected in Numb. 51. p. 1031. from some ingenious Marchants of England, being upon the place, and since come to the hands of the Publister, for the Repository of the R. Society.

Since it cannot but confiderably conduce to the rendring a rational accompt of the Caufe of fuch Fiery Eruptions, as are frequently made by divers Mountains, if the matters, by them caft up, be well examined, in regard that if they are F ffff found found to be of an eafily inflamable nature, they may quickly be kindled by fome falling ftones, which breaking in pieces may ftrike sparks into and so set on fire such combustible matter, they light upon; It was thought, it would not be amis, by the favour of our friends in *Sicily*, to procure from the lately flaming Mount there, what Minerals they she uld be able to get upon the place. And accordingly we received by a ship lately arrived from Messina;

First, a good quantity of Ashes, taken up in divers parts of and about Atma; fome at the top or mouth of the new made Mountain; fome a mile off, fome four, fome ten miles, fome but halfe a mile distant, and others on the skirts of the faid Mount; whereof the four first were found to agree well enough with their distances, but the two last to differ much both from the former and from one another; the former 4, forts having been found very dry like dust, but the two latter being still very moist, though in Sicily (as we are informed) they have layn exposed a good while to the hot Sun; besides that the two last differ from one another, in that one fort of them consists of hard and small lumps, the other, of very soft durty grains, yet both moist and of a vitriolate taste.

Secondly, Some of the Cinders, which the people of Sicily call Sciarri, whereof fome are cou fer, t ken up at fome diftance from the Mouth; and of these fome black, with a cruft of Brimstone, some of a red hew; others finer, fail to be got out of the gutturs of fire at the very Mouth. Both these kinds are light; but then there is a third fort of Stone, very folid and ponderous, which seems to be made up of a conflux of divers Minerals, melted together.

Thirdly, A piece of Sal A moninck, and feveral pieces of Sandever, besides those moist Vitriolate Asses abovementioned.

All which was accompanied with a Mapp of that part of the Country, where the Fire hath run; in which Mapp the annexed Scale of a Mile the vs, that the Fire fored about 3. miles inbreach, and 17 miles in length; the fame being now quite extinct, but that only in the clefts or hollownes's of the rocks of Sciarri fome fire fall remains glowing.